



Guidance document for processing PM-JAY packages

Repair of stress incontinence Follow Up

Procedures covered: 1

Specialty: Urology

Package name	Procedure name	HBP 1.0 code	HBP 2.0 code	Package price (in INR)	ALOS (Days)
Repair of stress incontinence Follow Up	Repair of stress incontinence Follow Up	New Package	SU063A	1,000	NA

Minimum qualification of the treating doctor:

Essential: MCh/DNB equivalent in Urology

Special empanelment criteria/linkage to empanelment module: Tertiary care facilities

Disclaimer:

For monitoring and administering the claim management process of **Repair of stress incontinence - Follow Up**, NHA shall be following these guidelines. This document has been prepared for guidance of PROCESSING TEAM and TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM of AB PM-JAY for the claims of procedures mentioned above. The hospitals can also refer to this document so that they have the insight on how the claims will be processed. However, this document doesn't provide any guidance on clinical and therapeutic management of patient. In that respect the hospitals and physicians may refer to the ICMR poster and other relevant material as per the extant professional norms.

PART I: GUIDELINES FOR CLINICIANS AND HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS

1.1 Objective:

The purpose of this section is to act as a guidance & a clinical decision support tool for the clinicians in deciding the line of treatment, plan clinical management of patient and decide referral of cases to the appropriate level of care (as required) for treatment of patients under PMJAY and selection of corresponding Health Benefit Package.

It will also serve as a tool for hospitals to determine and submit the mandatory documents required for claiming reimbursement of health benefit package under PMJAY.

1.2 Clinical key pointers: Stress urinary Incontinence: (SUI) Is an Unintentional loss of urine during physical activity or coughing, laughing, sneezing, running or heavy lifting.

Urinary incontinence can originate from the urethra or bladder or from a combination of both.

- Bladder causes are detrusor hyperactivity or hypoactivity.
- Urethral causes are intrinsic urethral sphincter deficiency with or without urethral hypermobility.

Functional Classification of Urinary Incontinence

Abnormality	Type of Clinical Incontinence
Bladder overactivity	Urge
Bladder underactivity	Overflow
Urethra overactivity	Overflow
Urethra underactivity	Stress

Factors determining the therapy for SUI:

- The etiology and type of SUI; bladder capacity; renal function;
- Sexual function;
- Severity of the leakage and degree of bother to the patient;
- The presence of associated conditions, such as vaginal prolapse, or concurrent abdominal or pelvic pathology requiring surgical correction; prior abdominal and/or pelvic surgery.

Management:

- **Non-surgical** (Behavioral therapy, Pelvic floor muscle training, electric stimulation, Continence Devices, Pharmacotherapy) and
- **Surgical:**
 - Open (Anterior repair, Transabdominal & Transvaginal suspension, Sling procedures)
 - Laparoscopic

1.3 Mandatory documents- For healthcare providers

Following documents should be uploaded by the concerned hospital staff at the time of pre-authorization and claims submission:

Mandatory document	Repair of stress incontinence - Follow Up
i. At the time of Pre-authorization	
a. Clinical notes including evaluation findings, indication for procedure, and previous surgery details.	Yes
b. Discharge summary of last admission for Stress incontinence surgery	Yes
ii. At the time of claim submission	
a. Clinical notes with planned line of treatment	Yes
b. Detailed procedure notes	Yes
c. Detailed discharge summary	Yes



PART II: GUIDELINES FOR PROCESSING TEAM

PART III: GUIDELINES FOR TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (TMS)

3.1 Objective: To enable setting up of cross check mechanisms / rule engines within the IT platform (TMS) to ensure compliance with STGs and to prevent fraud / abuse of the Health Benefit Package.

3.2 Below mentioned are the scenarios where a provision would be built in TMS for pop-ups:

- I. Was the earlier discharge summary is indicative of follow-up procedure? Yes

Till the time the functionality is being developed, the processing doctors shall check the above manually.

References:

1. Rovner, Eric S., and Alan J. Wein. "Treatment options for stress urinary incontinence." Reviews in urology 6.Suppl 3 (2004): S29.
2. Blok, Bertil FM, and Jacques Corcos. "Surgery for stress urinary incontinence in women: A 2006 review." Indian Journal of Urology: IJU: Journal of the Urological Society of India 23.2 (2007): 148.
3. [https://www.auanet.org/guidelines/stress-urinary-incontinence-\(sui\)-guideline](https://www.auanet.org/guidelines/stress-urinary-incontinence-(sui)-guideline)
4. <https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/452289-treatment>